ಶ್ರೀ ಡಿ. ದೇವರಾಜ ಅರಸ್.—ಅದನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆ ಮಾಡೋಣ. ಅದಕ್ಕಾಗಿಯೇ ನಾವು ಇಲ್ಲ ಒಂದು ಕ್ಯಾಬಿನೆಟ್ ಸಬ್ ಕಮಿಟಿ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೇವೆ. ತಾವು ಹೇಳಿದ ಹಾಗೆ ಆಂಧ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ರೀತಿ ಇದೆ, ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ಪದ್ಧತಿ ಇದೆ ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಎರಡು ವಿಚಾರಗಳು ಬರುತ್ತವೆ. ಒಂದು ರಿಕ್ರುಟ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಮಾಡುವಾಗ ಪರ್‌ಸೆಂಟೇಜ್ ಹಾಕುವುದು ; ಇನ್ನೊಂದು ಪ್ರೊಮೋಶನ್ ಕೊಡುವಾಗ ಪರ್‌ಸೆಂಟೇಜ್ ಹಾಕುವುದು. ಮೊದಲನೆಯ ವಿಚಾರ ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ಒಪ್ಪಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ನುಪ್ರಿಂ ಕೋರ್ಟ್ ತೀರ್ಪು ಬಂದ ಮೇರೆ ಯಾವುದೇ ಪ್ರೊಮೋಷನ್ನಿನಲ್ಲಿ ರಿಸರ್ವ್ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾನೂನು ಅಥವಾ ಕಾನ್‌ಸ್ಟಿಟ್ಯೂಷನ್ ಅಡ್ಡಿ ಬರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅದರ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಕೆಲವು ಜಾಗ ರಿಸರ್ವ್ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಸಹ ರಿಸರ್ವ್ ಇಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಒಂದು ಪದ್ಧತಿಯನ್ನು ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅವರು ಒಂದು ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ ಕಂಡಕ್ಟ್ ಮಾಡಿ, ಅದರಲ್ಲಿ ಪಾಸಾದವರಿಗೆ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಡೈರಕ್ಟ್ ರಿಕ್ರುಟ್‌ಮೆಂಟಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಸಹ ಮಾರ್ಕ್ಸ್ ಕಮ್ಮಿ ಇದ್ದರೂ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ನಾವು ಇವೆಲ್ಲವನ್ನೂ ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೋಸ್ಕರ ಒಂದು ಸಬ್ ಕಮಿಟಿ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೇವೆ. ಅದಲ್ಲದೆ ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗಿಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಇಂಟರೆಸ್ಟ್ ಇದೆ, ಅಂಥವರನ್ನು ಸಹ ಹಾಕಿದ್ದೇವೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಆ ಸಬ್ ಕಮಿಟಿ ಏನು ಹೇಳುತ್ತದೆ; ಅದರಂತೆ ಮಾಡಲು ಅದನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆ ಮಾಡಿ ಕಾರ್ಯ ಕ್ರಮ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇವೆ.

## FINALISATION OF PROPOSALS FOR SIXTH FINANCE COMMISSION.

202. Sri D. B. KALMANKAR (Afzalpur).—

Will the Minister for Finance be pleased to state :—

(*a*) whether Government has finalised the proposals for placing them before the Sixth Finance Commission ;

(*b*) if so, whether they will furnish the details of the proposal ?

Sri M. Y. GHORPADE (Minister for Finance).—

(*a*) No.

(*b*) Does not arise.

Sri D. B. KALMANKAR.—May I know when the Government is considering to finalise the proposals ?

† Sri M. Y. GHORPADE.—Our Memorandum to the Finance Commission is almost ready and we are giving finishing touches.

Sri D. B. KALMANKAR.—Has it come to the notice of the Government that much injustice is done to the State of Mysore by the recommendation of the Fifth Finance Commission ?

Sri M. Y. GHORPADE.—We are all aware that the Fifth Finance Commission's recommendations were inadequate to Mysore. I am sure, that all Members of this House will agree that this injustice or inadequacy has been made up to a large extent. I will give you just a few figures in support of my statement.

The IVth Finance Commission distributed 2,885 crores of rupees to all the States in the country. Out of this 2,885 crores, Mysore got 215 crores of rupees. I am referring to the Fourth Finance Commission. This approximately works out to 7.46 per cent, of the All India distribution. The Fifth Finance Commission distributed 4,266 crores of rupees to all the States. Out of this, Mysore got 197 crores. It works out to 4.63 per cent. Now, if the Fifth Finance Commission had given Mysore assistance of the same order in terms of percentage as IVth Finance Commission, then instead of 197 crores, we would have got 318 crores. Now after getting 197 crores from the Finance Commission, Mysore has received 45 crores by way of special assistance. This 45 crores will become 60 crores by the end of the Fourth Plan. We have received another 7 crores by way of non-plan special assistance. The Government of India has also committed itself to give 38 crores during these two years, for Kalinadi. So, if you add to the 197 crores, 60 crores' special assistance which we will get during the Fourth Plan and if you add 7 crores' special assistance which we have already received and the 38 cores which we will receive in these years towards the Kalinadi, then the total becomes 302 crores. What I am saying is that the inadequacy of the award of the Fifth Finance Commission has been made up to a large extent by what has been got subsequently. The Hon. Members can rest assured that so far as the Sixth Finance Commission is concerned, every argument that can be made in order to get adequate assistance from the Sixth Finance Commission will be made on behalf of the Mysore Government.

Sri D. B. KALMANKAR.—Has it come to the notice of the Government that the erstwhile Government, *i.e.*, the Veerendra Patil's Government gave the impression that the loss caused was only about 18—20 crores and not 100 crores ? In the statement made on the Calling Attention Notice given by me and some other Members, the then Government had brought to the notice of this House that loss caused was not so very big but it was only about 17—18 crores. But you have made out that the loss caused by the recommendation of the Finance Commission is more than 100 crores, but the then Government gave the impression that it was not exceeding 18—20 crores.

Sri M. Y. GHORPADE.—I am not expected to answer on behalf of the Veerendra Patil's Government. After all, the extent of inadequacy or injustice is largely a matter of opinion. I am doing this quantification regarding the inadequacy of the award of the Fifth Finance Commission in terms of percentage of assistance we got from the Fourth Finance Commission in the hope that the Hon. Member will be assisted in deciding what was the extent of inadquacy. Even if you consider 100 crores as inadequacy, that has been made up by subsequent developments.

Madam SPEAKER.—The question Hour is over.